A key component of our art curriculum links to our class names.

Children and staff decide on a theme for the whole school class names at the end of every school year.

This theme is chosen deliberately to ensure that children explore a range of developmentally appropriate art and design skills, as well as appropriate artists, craftspeople and designers. Children and teachers then decide on their own specific class name and from September, teaching time within the first half term is spent exploring relevant art, craft and culture and working in the style of associated artists.

Completed artwork is shared in class assemblies, before being displayed in the main school corridors and stairways.

Art and Design Scheme of Work	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Key Topics	Special Me! Let's Celebrate! Food Glorious Food All Aboard Animal Kingdom Land Ahoy!	Our World Time travellers including The Great Fire of London Roald Dahl focus imaginative worlds Journeys Outdoor Explorers Healthy Me	Stone Age Bronze to Iron Age The Romans Plants and Habitats Our Body Light	The Iron Man Invaders and settlers – Anglo Saxons / Vikings Forces of nature – rivers and mountains Children and War Electricity and magnets Sound	Ancient Egypt Rainforest and Maya Space Human Body	Materials Ancient Greece Evolution and Inheritance Classification of living things and adaptation. Light Electricity
Planned Outcomes	Drawing: Simple line drawings before each art unit. Sculpture -Modelling: Use natural and mademade materials to create an autumn diorama Sculpture-Clay: Use simple clay modelling techniques to plan, design, create	Drawing: Draw a portrait of themselves using mirrors. Change to a Picasso style portrait and create collage of different colours and overlays. Create an illustration of a fiction character	Drawing: Life drawing 15 min sketches related to body topic/portraits. Textiles: Plan, design and create a cushion cover using fabric paints, hand and machine sewing techniques. 3D form /Junk modelling: use	Drawing: Iron man pastel / charcoal/ Observational drawing Illuminated letters in Anglo Saxon style using pen and ink. Painting: Colour mixing wheel with secondary colours using powder paints.	Drawing: 15 min life drawing sketches. Painting: Comparison of rainforest artists Henri Rousseau and John Dyer. Use frames to focus and replicate a small area of Rousseau's picture and then contrast with	Drawing: variety of detailed sketches/ using mixed media. Invent and design own plant or animal – evolution – create own botanical / illustrations. 3D: Clay Design, make and glaze an Ancient

then decorate a diva	in style of Quentin	cardboard and other	Water colours for	Dyer. Produce own	Greek Theatre mask
lamp using pinch pot	Blake.	materials to plan,	Dragon illustration and	rainforest	from clay.
technique and intro to		design and make	other observational	watercolour.	Painting:
clay tools to add detail.	Painting:	Roman armour or	paintings.	Design imaginary	Colour mixing
Collage:	Mixing and matching	model villas.	3D:	space / planet	activities – wheel and
Whole class beach	secondary colours	Make a clay coil pot	Design, make and glaze	painting.	Kandisky style art.
scene based on Jan	using poster paints.	Collage:	a clay dragon.		
Matson	Using water colours in	Create a simple tile		Textiles: Design, make	Design and paint own
Create food collage in	style of Quentin Blake	mosaic linked to their	Creativity and Mixed	and print a Maya	botanical painting -
the style of Giuseppe.	illustrations.	Romans topic	Media:	collar based on	spring flower life cycle
Painting:		Create a digital mosaic	Make Art not War:	repeating pattern	CC- Science
Paint still life using	Clay:	using program	children to create art	research.	
primary colours in the	Make a form of	below:	work based on WWII		Collage:
style of Frida Kahlo-	transport in clay, fire	<u>Learning Playground -</u>	learning from own	3D: wire armatures	Create own
watermelon.	in kiln.	Make a Mosaic	conceptual ideas.		tessellation art based
Printing : Study waves			Children to use mixed		on Escher.
based on The wave by	Printing:	Painting:	media collage/		
Hokusai as research for	Vegetable block	DPS-Colour mixing and	paint/chalk pastels to	2X artist research	2X artist research
printing own waves for	printing.	colour swatches.	create a silhouette Blitz	pages – John Dyer and	pages –Botanical
a class washing line.		Water colour painting	picture.	Antony Gormley	painting varied artists
Whole class beach	2X artist research	of a flower- cushion.			and Escher
scene based on artist	pages – Henri		Digital art: ww2		
Jan Matson – paint and	Rousseau and Quentin	Visit from Magic	posters/blitz		
collage.	Blake	Lantern with a focus			
Children to choose one		on LIGHT in paintings.	2X artist research pages		
piece of work to be put	Stephen Wiltshire –		 Light artist linked to 		
on the front cover of	art appreciation	2X artist research	electricity - Ivan Navarro		
their sketch book.	London city skylines.	pages – Georgia	or Yayoi Kusama AND		
2X artist research pages		Okeefe and Leonardo	water artist- Monet or		
–Frida Kahlo, Jan		Davinci	Seurat.		
Matson and Giuseppe.					

Creativity:	Record and explore	Record and explore	Select and record	Select and record from	Select and record	Select and record
<u>Creativity</u> .	ideas from first hand	ideas from first hand	from first hand	first hand observation,	from first hand	from first hand
	observation,	observation,	observation,	experience and	observation,	observation,
Produce	experience and	experience and	experience and	imagination, and	experience and	experience and
creative work,	imagination.	imagination.	imagination, and	explore ideas for	imagination, and	imagination, and
exploring ideas	Ask and answer	Ask and answer	explore ideas for	different purposes.	explore ideas for	explore ideas for
and recording	questions about the	questions about the	different purposes.	Question and make	different purposes.	different purposes.
experiences	starting points for their	starting points for	Question and make	thoughtful	Question and make	Question and make
	work and develop their	their work and the	thoughtful	observations about	thoughtful	thoughtful
	ideas.	processes they have	observations about	starting points and	observations about	observations about
	ideas.	used. Develop their	starting points and	select ideas to use in	starting points and	starting points and
		ideas.	select ideas to use in	their work.	select ideas and	select ideas and
			their work.		processes to use in	processes to use in
			then tronk		their work	their work
					and work	unon work

Vocabulary	All key vocabulary is highlighted <u>GREEN</u> throughout the scheme of work.								
	Use age related vocabulary and terminology appropriate to the knowledge / skill being developed. Knowledge, Skills and Techniques:								
All knowledge is highlighted in <u>PURPLE</u> . All skills are written in <u>BLACK</u> .									
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Drawing (across all topics)	Understand drawing is a physical activity.	Understand that drawing tools can be held in a variety of	Experiment with different grades of pencil - cross hatching,	Make informed choices in drawing inc. paper and media.	Use a variety of source material for their work. Work in a	Develop ideas using different or mixed media, using a			
	Use a variety of tools, inc. pencils, rubbers, crayons, pastels, felt	ways, experimenting with pressure, grip and speed to affect	blending and smudging (HB to 3B) and other implements	Alter and refine drawings and describe	sustained and independent way from observation,	sketchbook. Manipulate and			
	tips, charcoal, chalk and other dry media.	line. Understand that we	(charcoal and pen). Understand charcoal	changes using art vocabulary.	experience and imagination. Use a sketchbook to develop	experiment with the elements of art: line, tone, pattern, texture			
	Begin to explore the use of line, shape and colour.	can use different media (sometimes combined in one	and earth pigment were our first drawing tools as humans.	Collect images and information independently in a	ideas. Explore the potential	form, space, colour, geometric, tesselate and shape. – design			
	Explore and experiment with mark making.	drawing) to capture the nature of things we find.	Use charcoal in variety of ways when creating cave drawings.	sketchbook. Use research to inspire	properties of the visual elements, line, tone, pattern, texture,	own plant / animal / tessellating images – Escher.			
	Draw from first hand observations (fruits and	Layer different media, e.g. crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal and	Plan, refine and alter their drawings as	drawings from memory and imagination.	colour, form, scale and proportion, composition and	Understand the link between Art and			
	veg) noting details of line, pattern, shape (form) and colour.	2 types of pencils Hb and 2 B	necessary. Use their sketchbook to collect and record visual	Drawing using variety of media pastel / chalk / charcoal / pen/ink	shape life drawing. Experiment with	Science to document and classify living things.			
		Use a sketchbook to gather and collect artwork. Drawing one	information from different sources- life	Develop and improve understanding and use	different pencil types (from HB to 4B) and charcoal to add detail	To create detailed technical and			

part of the body in detail – hand, thumb, arm, ear, nose etc

Continue to develop basic understanding and use of a sketchbooks and work out ideas for drawings.

Draw for a sustained period of time from the figure and real objects, including single and grouped objects.

Reference Stephen
Wiltshire. Watch
videos of him working
Stephen Wiltshire |
Contemporary Artist &
Architectural
Illustrator – landscape,
city scape and skyline,
horizon. Comment on
his work in sketch
books.

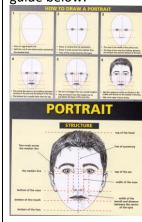
Experiment with the visual elements; line, shape, pattern and colour – portraits and Picasso.

and observational drawing.

Practise observational

drawing for a sustained period of time at their own level.

Use mirrors to create a self-portrait — practise sketching eye/nose/mouth prior to portrait. Teach step by step using the portrait plan as a guide below:



Use different media to achieve variations in line, texture, tone, colour, shape, form and pattern.
Sketch flowers.

of perspective via perspective research and drawings based on a street – linked to WWII -Our streets now.

Understand terms line and shade, pattern and shape, line, form, perspective, focal point, tone and texture. and shading- re-visit cross hatching blending, shading, smudging and compare outcomes of different tools used.

Understand that there is often a close relationship between drawing and making. Understand that we can transform 2d drawings into 3d objects - Life drawing sketches for wire project – sketching body parts and whole body with increasing accuracy in line and proportion. Simplify life drawings or observed images into shapes ready for wire sculpture. Human body armature based on Gormley.

botanical drawings – Evolution and inheritance.

Continue to develop techniques with different types of pencils 4b to 2h and charcoal.

Use a variety of mixed media for drawing e.g: pencil/pen/charcoal/ Pastels.



		Draw an illustration of	Create simple			
		a character from a	technical drawings –			
		Roald Dahl book	plants labelling parts			
		description THEN	cc Science			
		compare children's	Simplify 1 flower			
		illustrations to	sketch for			
		Quentin Blake's.	transference to fabric			
			for painting.			
Painting	Understand we can use	Work on a range of	Experiment with	Continue to develop	Demonstrate a secure	Understanding of the
	a variety of brushes,	scales e.g. large brush	different effects and	and build upon colour	knowledge about	terms tertiary
	holding them in a	on large paper etc.	textures inc. blocking	mixing knowledge.	primary and	complimentary and
	variety of ways to make	To develop colour	in colour, washes,	Match colours with	secondary, warm and	harmonious colours.
	stokes and marks –	mixing knowledge by	thickened paint etc.	increasing accuracy	cold, complementary	Colour mixing wheel
	using tip, flat, amount	mixing and matching	Apply and build upon	using the double	colours using the	including, primary to
	of pressure etc.	primary colours to	colour mixing	primary colour system.	Double Primary colour	secondary introduce
	Use and name a variety	make secondary.	knowledge. Mix a	Create Y4 colour wheel	system, introduce	term tertiary colours.
	of tools and techniques		variety of colours.	with secondary colours.	terms blend and	Revisit term-
	including the use of	Observing artefacts	Which primary colours	Orange	merge and	shades/tints /tones
	different brush sizes	and objects.	make secondary	Pune Pune	shades/tints	and hue by creating
	and types E.G large		colours: introduce the	Green yellow red Purple	/tones/hues.	Y6 complex colour
	round brush for bigger	Understand	double primary colour	Pure	PURAL	wheel. Complimentary
	areas and poster paint,	watercolour is a media	system –E.G pure red		AZZERIO SE	and harmonious
	small-tipped brush for	which uses water and	by mixing vermillion	Introduce how to make	SO THE STATE OF TH	colours. Tonal
	details and water	pigment.	and crimson.	black. (Crimson,	N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	contrast and mixed
	colours.		Understand powder	Prussian blue and lemon	O CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	media.
		Understand we can	paint mixed with	yellow)		None yelliw
	Match primary colours	use a variety of	water creates a water-	Colour mixing sections	OF WHOE S SERION	
	to artefacts and objects.	brushes, holding them	based paint and the	with different tones of	Create imaginative art	Septiment States
	Frida Kahlo –	in a variety of ways to	thickness is	same colour.	(planet) from a variety	or resta
	watermelon.	make watercolour	determined by the	Jame Colour.	of sources e.g look at	
	Matching colours for	marks.	amount of powder	Understand and use	Nasa inspired	
	beach scene whole class		used.	more specific colour	planetary art – see link	Colour mixing linked
	painted/ collage.			language e.g. tone /	below	to Kandinsky colour

Colour mix yellow and blue ink to match different shades of green to represent waves for whole class printing. To experiment and use watercolours for range of painting skills.

To know the difference between powder paint and water colours.

Teach children how to mix the powder paints by phrase DIP-TAP-ROLL-MIX for powder paints.

Create colour swatches and experiment with shade and tone / light and dark.



Use more specific colour language e.g. shade, tone, primary, secondary.

To experiment with the different paints – water colours and powder paints. Experiment with mixed media of violas 1 flower using water colours and 1 with oil pastels.

shade/ hue and complimentary colours.

Choose paints and implements appropriately.

Plan and create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task.

Show increasing independence and creativity with the painting process.

Develop and understanding of impressionism and pointillism.
Understand how different artist paint water. Compare and contrast how water is painted (Monet or Seurat v's Hockney) as art appreciation lessoncomment on similarities and differences.

Comment on how the different artist paint

Visions of the Future (nasa.gov)





Develop and understanding of how artists have painted the rainforest.

Compare John Dyer paintings to Henri Rousseau.

Create Rainforest painting – mixing colours accurately – range of tones, tints and shades in green and brown to create and atmosphere.

art cc with Maths Angles.

Choose appropriate paint, paper and implements to adapt and extend their work.

Understand the difference between an artistic painting and a botanical painting.

Create own botanical painting from spring flowers (linked to science)

Carry out preliminary studies, test and mix appropriate colours.

Work from a variety of sources, inc. those researched independently.

Show an awareness of how paintings are created (composition)

			Use a developed colour vocabulary. Work confidently on a range of scales e.g. thin brush on small painting or for detail, large brush for mixing colours etc	water. Refer back to wave from year 2.		
			Understand how artist create and use light in paintings – visit from Magic Lantern – linked to Light project.			
Printing	Understand prints are made by transferring an image from one surface to another. Make marks in print with a variety of objects, including natural and made objects. Understand impressed printing is using pressure to make indents into a design onto a tile (polystyrene) which is inked and transferred to another material.	To be able to make a simple print from a vegetable. Carry out a simple block print with food items. Understand block printing is adding a design onto a block which is inked and transferred to another material (vegetable printing.)	Make indents onto foam tiles/simplify more complex observational drawings into lines and shapes for printing purposes /using a roller to load paint or ink, print into sketch and onto card for possible front of sketch books.		Understand relief prints are made when we print from raised images (plates). Experiment and explore with printed repeated patterns and shape, creating designs for printing-Design and create card relief printing based on Maya design for Maya inspired collar. Talk about the processes used to produce a simple print – turn design into card relief tile and print.	

				.	·	
	Print own designed	Apply ink or paint to a				
	wave with polystyrene	veg / fruit printing-				
	tiles add white foam	block printing evenly				
	details with white	and gently/know				
	paint. Take rubbings linked to seasons – trees, leaves. Build a pattern and recognise pattern in the environment.	when to reload paint.				
		See vegetable printing				
		ideas crib sheet.				
Textiles/Collage	Understand collage is	Picasso portraits –	Understand that we	Understand the	Identify how Maya's	Translate more
	the art of using	collage. Change	can combine collage	importance of weaving	use repeated patterns	complex images or
	elements of paper or	features from own	with other disciplines	to Anglo Saxons.	in textiles and	objects into shapes
	other materials to make	drawn portrait to	such as drawing,		clothing. See Printing	suitable for collage.
	images/art.	make a Picasso	painting and printing.	Create textured collages	– Mayan collar.	Manipulate materials
	Draw a simple shape		Simplify observed	from a variety of media.	To be able to add	to create textures that
	and cut around the	portrait of themselves.	shapes and lines into	Layer shapes to create	embroidery and beads	have been observed.
	lines. Cut around	Select a range of and	easily cut shapes for	interest. Create own	to enhance and	Cut complex shapes in
	corners of basic shapes.	use a variety of	transferring onto	shapes and lines to	embellish a printed	various sizes to
	Apply glue without	translucent medium	fabric.	create composition –	textile.	represent ideas -
	waste. Cut basic shapes	ie: tissue paper,	Develop skills in	Blitz pictures.		linked to Escher
(Collage images	without a pre-drawn	coloured cellophane	stitching – learn basic			tessellation.
can be used for	outline.	etc. Overlap and	running stitch-			
inspiration)		notice colour changes.	embroider flower			
' '			details for cushions.			

Make a food collage in Layer shapes in a piece Learn to use a sewing the style of Giuseppe. of work. Cut smaller machine (under adult supervision) sew and more intricate cushion together. shapes – turning paper Experiment with tie rather than body when cutting. Add dye (back of cushion). textured paper to Learn to add object represent features / with elastic bands (marbles/buttons) for ideas. tie die effect. OR Possible project -Georgia O'Keefe flower collage Experiment with a range of media e.g. overlapping, layering Use simple applique. Cutting, tearing, bending, folding and joining for: Make a simple tile mosaic.

Understand the use of 3D Form ceramics in everyday life - crockery and lamps etc – discuss with class what everyday items are made from ceramics. Manipulate clay in a variety of ways, e.g. rolling, kneading, moulding and shaping. Begin to understand that **sculpture** is the name given for artwork which exists in three dimensions. (Teach the word sculpture) That clay is a soft material which finally dry/set hard. Create a simple thumb pot (diva lamp)? How To Make A Pinch Pot -YouTube Art With Trista - Pinch Pot - Step By Step -YouTubeExplore sculpture with a range of malleable media, especially clay. Explore pattern, line shape and

texture within own

sculptures.

Understand that when we make sculpture by moulding with our fingers it is called modelling. To experiment with

clay, developing skills and techniques e.g build on and revisit Y1 vocab pinching. smoothing, moulding, rolling etc.

To make a form of transport in clay. To know firing clay in the kiln makes the clav harder and more hardwearing.

Use the Tate kids' website to explore different sculpture artists. Edgar Degas, Barbara Hepworth, Alexander Calder, Tony Cragg and Richard Long

Join clay using slip adequately and work as independently as possible.

Construction a simple clay object -make a coil pot - Romans. Use link to video below as a teaching guide. How to make a Coil Pot - YouTube

To know the process of firing clay in the kiln makes the clay harder and more durable. Fire clay pot in kiln.

Further develop awareness of sculpture and pottery as a 3D art form.

Understand the meaning of "Design through to Making" Plan, design, make and adapt models. Talk about their work understanding that it has been sculpted, modelled or constructed. Begin to develop

modelling skills using

plasticine and clay.

To understand the process of firing clay and glazing. To understand and use glazes effectively – 1 colour glaze on final fired product. Use a variety of modelling tools.

To understand sculpture comes in a variety of forms and requires a combination of skills that we can learnt through practice. Describe the different qualities involved in modelling, sculpture and construction. 2 Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work. Develop wire skills – represent words in wire e.g. twist, spiral, explosion etc Develop use of wire tools and pliers. Teach children how to join wire together. Develop an

understanding and

sculptors -Antony

Understand that

the world for the

better.

and or Henri Moore.

artists can help shape

importance of ceramics in Ancient Greek culture and how this artwork has evidenced examples of Ancient Greek beliefs and everyday life. Further, develop skills in using clay from year 4 inc. slabs, coils, slips, etc. 2 Use clay tools with increasing independence and precision. To understand and use glazes effectively - use 2/3 coloured glazes on final clay fired product. appreciation of British Gormley –wire figures

Understand the

					Create wire armature sculptures.	
Digital Media	To know there are online art programs that can be used to create different types of art. Busy things – online program – create digital art of a mixed up animal exploring shape and patterns. Introduce the program 2simple for drawing and painting digital art. Experiment with 2 the 2 different programs.	To know there are painting and drawing computer programs and experiment with these. To further develop ability to use 2 simple paint and drawing programs. Create a digital art piece -habitat picture and class name picture using the 2 simple program.	To begin to understand there are many different programs used by artist for the creation of digital art. Make a simple digital mosaic using digital software. Learning Playground - Make a Mosaic Design and create a digital cave painting based on real cave paintings. (Paint program- 2simple or Busythings.)	To know many advertising posters are made using digital technology and software today. To be able to design and create a poster with meaningful images, symbols and words: create own digital WW2 poster (Dig for Britain and /or blitz pictures).	To continue to develop an understanding that artist can use digital media programs for the creation of digital art. To use a computer graphics program to design and create an Ancient Egyptian sarcophagus using a photo of the face as a death mask. OR To use a computer graphics program to design and create a digital rainforest image. Using 4 or 5 different shades / tones of green. Use	To begin to develop an understanding of digital media vocations (graphic design, advertising etc)linked to 3D modelling unit in computing. To use a computer graphics program to design, create and refine a digital image or design. Digital tessellation based on Escher – use internet program below Design a tessellation online (Escher-style) (theedkins.co.uk)

			OR Paint program to make a digital picture of water using blend tool for 4 different greens or blues.	Evaluate digital rainforest art from different artists.	
In KS1 and 2 teachers should model sketchbook use alongside pupils. Understa by the prexperime explorat Design fresketch be artist. Understa activities	understand that way each person sketchbook look unique to them and some of the sthat might their sketchbook look their sketchbook look unique to them.	understanding that sketchbooks are places for personal experimentation and exploration. Continue to develop and refine the 'sketchbook habit' Introduce new A2 ring bound sketch books to move through KS2 —design front cover for sketch book linked to artist study.		Understand that sketchbooks are very personal. They are experimental and may be imperfect. They contain more than art works e.g. ideas, sketches and scribbles, words and thoughts. Use sketchbooks with other resources to inspire and explore.	Understand that artists use sketchbooks for different purposes and that each artist will find their own ways of working in a sketchbook. Watch Exploring Sketch Books with whole class and discuss use Exploring Sketchbooks Animating the Archives - YouTube Value and cherish

	Cut and stick artist work and annotate as a class. ie drawing, cutting, sticking, collecting Begin to develop a 'sketchbook habit' Feel ownership of their sketchbook.	about experiences and feelings. Generate ideas in their sketchbooks. Children choose a	own pace. Draw to show what has been seen, draw to explore, experiment and test. Collect, note and reflect on ideas.			Independently use their sketchbook to investigate, develop research, test, experiment and evaluate ideas.
To create artist research pages as a form of appreciation and introduction to a unit of work.	Children choose a range of works from focus artist and cut and stick in sketchbooks. Annotate as a class. Jan Matson – beach scenes. Frida Kahlo – varied works Giuseppe – paintings (fruit and veg)	range of works from focus artist and cut and stick in sketchbooks. Annotate own responses and feelings, share with class. Henri Rousseau – varied works Quentin Blake – illustrations. Stephen Wiltshire – cities and skylines compare skyline images of London now and in 1666. (1 x Art appreciation lesson in Autumn term linked to great fire of London).	Children choose a range of works from focus artist and cut and stick in sketchbooks. Research artists facts during ICT annotate artists research pages with these facts. Georgia Okeefe – flowers and other varied works Leonardo Davinci – life drawings and portraits. Miro – linked to Spanish curriculum.	Write notes about artists and response feelings. Research artists lives and annotate artist research pages. Research and collect artist works, print out stick in, complete half/half of artists' works. Light artist linked to electricity - Ivan Navarro or Yayoi Kusama Monet, Seurat or Hockney – water-based works.	Research artists' lives and annotate artist research pages. Research and collect artist works, print out stick in, complete half/ half of artists' works building increasing independence and choice or art works from artist. John Dyer – rainforest and other works. Anthony Gormley – wire art and figures	Research artists lives and annotate artist research pages. Research and collect artist works, print out stick in, complete half/ half of artists' works with independence and choice or art works from artist. Respond to artworks with their own creative flair and design and experiment in the style of. Botanical paintings – varied artists. Escher – varied works including tessellation.

Knowledge of artists and the development of art, craft and design

Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures.

Giuseppe -fruit
paintings.
Frida Kahlo -fruit
paintings.
Hokusai- The Great
Wave.
Jan Matson – beach art

Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures.

Stephen Wiltshire – Landscape and cityscape images including city skylines Visit website watch youtube video of him working and London skyline drawings.

Quentin Blake – illustrations for Roald Dahl books and others.

Henri Rousseau – Jungle Paintigs and Tiger in a tropical storm Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures.

Georgia O'Keeffe's flower paintings

Leonard Da Vinci – figure and portrait drawing.

Early cave paintings, their meaning and how they were created.

Miro – abstract paintings.

Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures.

Leonardo Da Vinci: The Last Supper – Easter



Understand that artists use a variety of media including light and sound as well as physical media to create installations.

Ivan Navarro or Yayoi Kusama – light art.

Monet's or Seurat water paintings – to develop an understanding of pointillism. Compare and contrast to Hockey's water paintings.

Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures.

Researching Maya patterns for printing ideas. Understand Maya crafts culture and textile designs for clothing and body art.



Figure drawing- look at Kenturah Davis -Life drawing – comment on her works during figure drawing unit. Discuss lines and of body and clothing drawing. Look at shading to create 3D realistic effect.



Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures.

Exploring variety of Nativity paintings from around the world—art appreciation.





Research variety of botanical painters including Elizabeth Blackwell.

Escher and his visual illusion art and tessellations.

Arts thumbnails and recommended works



Frida Kahlo –

The Watermelon



Guiseppe – Food art



90

Hokusai: The Great Wave







Rousseau painting focus.

Quentin Blake compare own illustration to artist.



Stephen Wiltshire



London city scape illustrations



Georgia Okeefe



flower

Elizabeth Blackwell 1700 – botanical art





Watch videos of pottery being made.

Handmade pottery | Creating ceramic plates - Bing video

Light artist - Iván Navarro (Chillian)



OR
Yayoi Kusama
(Japanese female)
infinaty mirrorsand
lights



Kenturah Davis – figure drawing – look at these prior to figure drawing lesson as part of the Body unit of work.







Antony Gormley –wire figures and or Henri Moore

Henri Rousseau and John Dyer. Take one

Ancient Greek Theatre masks



Revisit Elizabeth Blackwell and compare to Darwin or Mary Anning. –





